10/ 808,496

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 NEWS  2           "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
 NEWS  3  FEB 25   CA/CAPLUS - Russian Agency for Patents and Trademarks
                   (ROSPATENT) added to list of core patent offices covered
 NEWS  4  FEB 28   PATDPAFULL - New display fields provide for legal status
                   data from INPADOC
 NEWS  5  FEB 28   BABS - Current-awareness alerts (SDIs) available
 NEWS  6  FEB 28   MEDLINE/LMEDLINE reloaded
 NEWS  7  MAR 02   GBFULL: New full-text patent database on STN
 NEWS  8  MAR 03   REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY - Sequence annotations enhanced
 NEWS  9  MAR 03   MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
 NEWS  10 MAR 22   KOREAPAT now updated monthly; patent information enhanced
 NEWS  11 MAR 22   Original IDE display format returns to REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY
 NEWS  12 MAR 22   PATDPASPC - New patent database available
 NEWS  13 MAR 22   REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with experimental property tags
 NEWS  14 APR 04   EPFULL enhanced with additional patent information and new
                   fields
 NEWS  15 APR 04   EMBASE - Database reloaded and enhanced
 NEWS  16 APR 18   New CAS Information Use Policies available online

 NEWS EXPRESS  JANUARY 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01a, CURRENT
               MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
               AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 10 JANUARY 2005

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10/ 808,496

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* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, *
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http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

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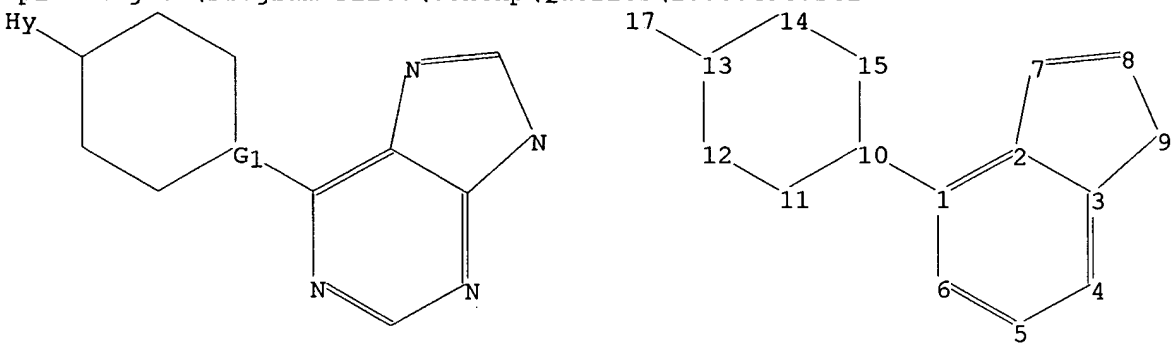
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10808496.str



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17
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
chain bonds :
1-10 13-17
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 2-7 3-4 3-9 4-5 5-6 7-8 8-9 10-11 10-15 11-12 12-13 13-14 14-15

10/ 808,496

exact/norm bonds :
1-10 2-7 3-9 7-8 8-9 13-17
exact bonds :
10-11 10-15 11-12 12-13 13-14 14-15
normalized bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6
isolated ring systems :
containing 1 : 10 :

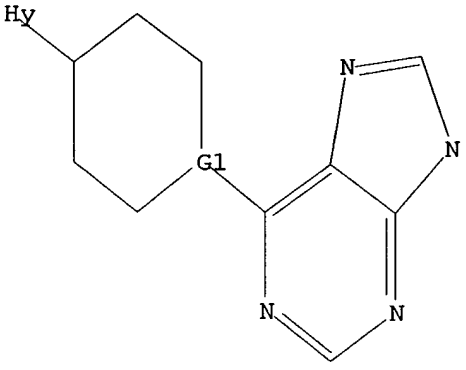
G1:C,N

Match level :
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 17:Atom
Generic attributes :
17:
Number of Carbon Atoms : 7 or more
Number of Hetero Atoms : 2 or more
Type of Ring System : Polycyclic

Element Count :
Node 17: Limited
C,C8
N,N2

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR



G1 C,N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 sample
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:48:50 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 215 TO ITERATE

10/ 808,496

100.0% PROCESSED 215 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 3421 TO 5179
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L2 0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 ful
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 13:49:10 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3950 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 3950 ITERATIONS 10 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 10 SEA SSS FUL L1

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FULL ESTIMATED COST 161.33 161.54

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 22 Apr 2005 VOL 142 ISS 18
FILE LAST UPDATED: 21 Apr 2005 (20050421/ED)

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=> s l3
L4 2 L3

=> d l4 1- ibib abs hitstr
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 2 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:171900 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:216764
TITLE: Process for the preparation of 3-(6-piperidinylpurin-9-yl)propionates as vitronectin receptor antagonists
INVENTOR(S): Peyman, Anuschirwan; Schubert, Gerrit
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Aventis Pharma Deutschland GmbH, Germany

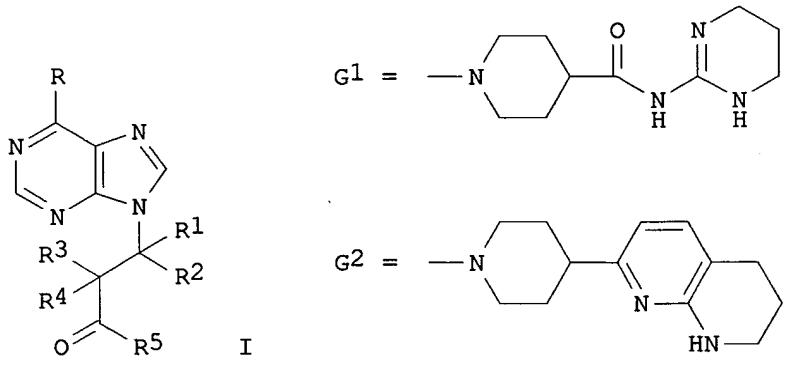
10/ 808,496

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

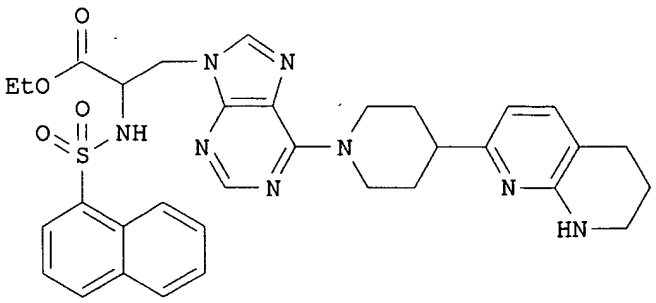
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002018384	A1	20020307	WO 2001-EP9985	20010829
W: AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, BZ, CA, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DM, DZ, EC, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PH, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
DE 10042655	A1	20020314	DE 2000-10042655	20000831
AU 2001093791	A5	20020313	AU 2001-93791	20010829
EP 1315728	A1	20030604	EP 2001-974220	20010829
EP 1315728	B1	20041027		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
JP 2004507544	T2	20040311	JP 2002-523899	20010829
AT 280769	E	20041115	AT 2001-974220	20010829
US 2004248907	A1	20041209	US 2003-363450	20030401

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 2000-10042655 A 20000831
WO 2001-EP9985 W 20010829

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:216764; MARPAT 136:216764
GI



I



II

AB The present invention relates to a process for the preparation of vitronectin receptor antagonists I [wherein R = G1 or G2; R1, R2, R3, and R4 = independently H, F, Cl, CN, (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl(alkyl), or aryl(alkyl), or R6OR7, R6R6'NR7, R6COR7, R6SO2N(R9)R7, R6OCON(R9)R7, R6CON(R5)R7, R6N(R9)CON(R9)R7, R6N(R9)SO2N(R9)R7, R6SO2R7, R6SCON(R9)R7, R6N(R9)COR7, R6N(R9)SO2R7, R6N(R9)R7, or heterocyclyl; R5 = OH, (aryl)alkoxy, alkylcarbonyloxyalkoxy, or cyclo(alkyl)alkoxy; R6 and R6' = independently (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl(alkyl), aryl(alkyl), or heterocyclyl; R7 = independently alkanediyl or a direct bond; R9 = H or alkyl; and stereoisomers and salts thereof] by coupling a 9-chloropurine I [R = Cl] to a 4-substituted piperidine and comprises an efficient method for the preparation of I [R = Cl]. In contrast to prior art, the process according to the invention gives good yields in a lower number of steps and can be used advantageously for the syntheses on a relatively large scale. For example, Et (2S)-2-(naphthalene-1-sulfonylamino)-3-aminopropionate was aminated with 4,6-dichloro-5-nitropyrimidine in THF in the presence of TEA and then reduced to the amine using SnCl2 in EtOH. Cyclocondensation with tri-Et orthoformate in N-methylpyrrolidone in the presence of EtSO3H gave the 6-chloropurine. Reaction with 7-(piperidin-4-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-[1,8]naphthyridine in DMF and diisopropylethylamine at 70°C for 3 h afforded the piperidinylpurinylpropionate II.

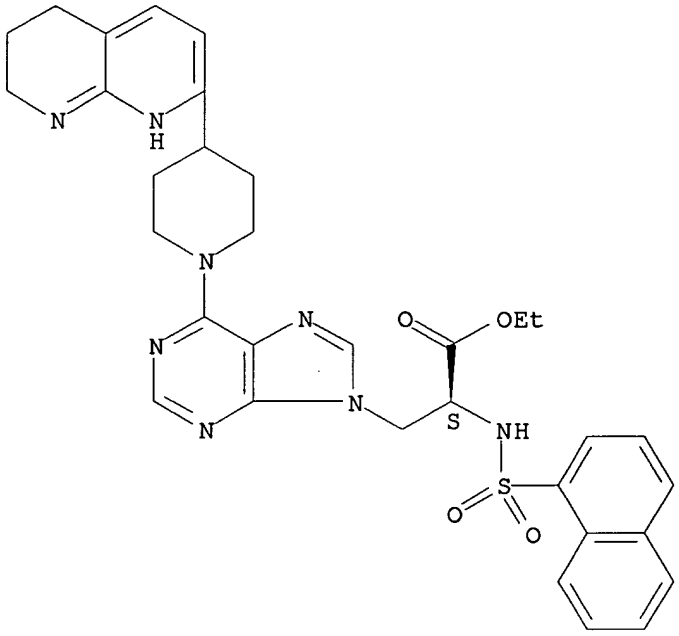
IT **402501-87-5P**, Ethyl (2S)-2-(naphthalene-1-sulfonylamino)-3-[6-[4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro[1,8]naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl]purin-9-yl]propionate
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(target compound; process for preparation purinylpropionate vitronectin receptor antagonists starting from nitropyrimidines and aminopropionates)

RN 402501-87-5 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, α-[(1-naphthalenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-, ethyl ester, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:10662 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:71600
TITLE: Naphthyridine derivatives, processes for their preparation, their use as vitronectin receptor antagonists and inhibitors of cell adhesion, and pharmaceutical compositions comprising them
INVENTOR(S): Peyman, Anuschirwan; Scheunemann, Karl-Heinz; Gourvest, Jean-Francois; Ruxer, Jean-Marie; Gadek, Thomas R.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Aventis Pharma Deutschland G.m.b.H., Germany; Genentech, Inc.
SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 36 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1065207	A1	20010103	EP 1999-112636	19990702
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
CA 2376668	AA	20010111	CA 2000-2376668	20000626
WO 2001002398	A1	20010111	WO 2000-EP5920	20000626
W: AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, BZ, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, DZ,				

	EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT,				
	LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TR, TT, UA,				
	US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,				
	DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,				
	CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
BR 2000012129	A	20020507	BR 2000-12129		20000626
EP 1210348	A1	20020605	EP 2000-945825		20000626
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	IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL				
TR 200103856	T2	20020621	TR 2001-200103856		20000626
JP 2003503496	T2	20030128	JP 2001-507835		20000626
NZ 516058	A	20030131	NZ 2000-516058		20000626
EE 200100711	A	20030415	EE 2001-711		20000626
AU 775386	B2	20040729	AU 2000-59787		20000626
TW 593319	B	20040621	TW 2000-89117925		20000901
BG 106257	A	20021031	BG 2001-106257		20011220
HR 2001000946	A1	20030228	HR 2001-946		20011221
NO 2001006404	A	20020301	NO 2001-6404		20011228
ZA 2002000016	A	20030102	ZA 2002-16		20020102
US 6743800	B1	20040601	US 2002-30301		20020320
US 2004198718	A1	20041007	US 2004-808496		20040324
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP 1999-112636	A	19990702
			WO 2000-EP5920	W	20000626
			US 2002-30301	A3	20020320

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:71600
GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The present invention relates to compds. I. G is -(CR1R2)n-A-(CR1R2)m-(CR1R3)i-(CR1R2)q-R4. A is a direct bond, -C(O)NR5-, -NR5C(O)-, -C(O)-, -NR5-, -O-, -S-, -S(O)-, -S(O)2-, (C2-C4)alkynediyl, (C2-C4)alkenediyl, (C5-C14)arylene where in the arylene residue 1-5 ring C atoms can be replaced by heteroatoms N, O and S, or a divalent residue of a 3-7-membered saturated or unsatd. ring which can contain 1-2 ring heteroatoms N, S and O and which can be monosubstituted or disubstituted by residues :O, :S and R3. B is (C1-C18)alkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl(C1-C8)alkyl, (C5-C14)aryl, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkyl, (C5-C14)heteroaryl, (C5-C14)heteroaryl(C1-C8)alkyl, F, Cl, Br, OH, CN, CF3, NO2, CO2H, (C1-C6)alkoxy, (C1-C6)alkoxy(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxycarbonyl, (C1-C6)alkylcarbonyl, (C5-C14)arylcarbonyl, (C1-C6)alkylaminocarbonyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy(C1-C6)alkoxy, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkylcarbonyl, (C1-C6)alkanoylamino, (C1-C6)alkylsulfonylamino, (C5-C14)arylsulfonylamino, (C1-C6)alkylamino, di((C1-C6)alkyl)amino, (C1-C6)alkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, (C5-C14)arylsulfonyl, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkylsulfonyl, (C5-C14)aryl or (C5-C14)heteroaryl, where all residues B are independent of one another and can be identical or different. X is H, NR6R6', F, Cl, Br, OR6, SR6, hydroxy(C1-C6)alkyl-NH-, (hydroxy(C1-C6)alkyl)2N-, amino(C1-C6)alkyl-NH-, (amino(C1-C6)alkyl)2N-, hydroxy(C1-C6)alkyl-O-, hydroxy(C1-C6)alkyl-S- or -NH-C(O)-R6. Y is R5, F, Cl, Br, CN, NR6R6', OR6, SR6 or hydroxy(C1-C6)alkyl-NH-. Z is N or CH. R1 and R2 are H, F, Cl, CN, NO2, (C1-C10)alkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl(C1-C8)alkyl, (C5-C14)aryl, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkyl, (C5-C14)heteroaryl, (C5-C14)heteroaryl(C1-C8)alkyl, R6-O-R7, R6-S(O)p-R7, R6S(O)2NHR7, R6OC(O)NHR7 or R6R6'N-R7, where all residues R1 and R2 are independent of one another and can be identical or different. R3 is H, F, Cl, CN, NO2,

(C1-C18)alkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl(C1-C8)alkyl, (C5-C14)aryl, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkyl, (C5-C14)heteroaryl, (C5-C14)heteroaryl(C1-C8)alkyl, R6-O-R7, R6R6'N-R7, R6C(O)-O-R7, R6C(O)R7, R6OC(O)R7, R6N(R6')C(O)OR7, R6S(O)pN(R5)R7, R6OC(O)N(R5)R7, R6C(O)N(R5)R7, R6N(R6')C(O)N(R5)R7, R6N(R6')S(O)pN(R5)R7, R6S(O)pR7, R6SC(O)N(R5)R7, R6N(R6')C(O)R7 or R6N(R6')S(O)pR7, where alkyl can be monounsatd. or polyunsatd. and where alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, and heteroaryl can be monosubstituted or polysubstituted by R6, F, Cl, Br, CN, CF3, R6R6'NR7, NO2, R6OC(O)R7, R6C(O)R7, R6N(R6')C(O)R7, R6N(R6')S(O)pR7 or R6-O-R7, and where all residues R3 are independent of one another and can be identical or different. R4 is -C(O)R8, -C(S)R8, -S(O)pR8, -P(O)R8R8' or a residue of a 4-8-membered saturated or unsatd. heterocycle which contains 1-4 heteroatoms N, O and S. R5 is H, (C1-C10)alkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl(C1-C8)alkyl, (C5-C14)aryl or (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkyl, where all residues R5 are independent of one another and can be identical or different. R6 and R6' are H, (C1-C18)alkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl, (C3-C14)cycloalkyl(C1-C8)alkyl, (C5-C14)aryl, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkyl, (C5-C14)heteroaryl or (C5-C14)heteroaryl(C1-C8)alkyl where aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl and alkyl can be substituted 1-3 times by identical or different substituents F, Cl, Br, CN, CF3, NO2, CO2H, (C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy, (C1-C6)alkoxy(C1-C6)alkyl, (C1-C6)alkoxycarbonyl, (C1-C6)alkylcarbonyl, (C1-C6)alkylaminocarbonyl, (C1-C6)alkoxy(C1-C6)alkoxy, (C5-C14)arylcarbonyl, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkylcarbonyl, (C1-C6)alkanoylamino, (C5-C14)arylsulfonylamino, (C1-C6)alkylsulfonylamino, (C1-C6)alkylamino, di((C1-C6)alkyl)amino, (C1-C6)alkylsulfonyl, (C1-C6)alkylaminosulfonyl, (C5-C14)arylaminosulfonyl, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkylaminosulfonyl, (C5-C14)arylsulfonyl, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkylsulfonyl, (C5-C14)aryl and (C5-C14)heteroaryl, and where all residues R6 and R6' are independent of one another and can be identical or different. R7 is (C1-C4)alkanediyl or a direct bond, where all residues R7 are independent of one another and can be identical or different. R8 and R8' are OH, (C1-C8)alkoxy, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkoxy, (C5-C14)aryloxy, (C1-C8)alkylcarbonyloxy(C1-C4)alkoxy, (C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkylcarbonyloxy(C1-C8)alkoxy, NR6R6', (di((C1-C8)alkyl) amino)carbonylmethyloxy, (di((C5-C14)aryl(C1-C8)alkyl)amino)carbonylmethyloxy, (C5-C14)arylamino, the residue of an amino acid, N-((C1-C4)alkyl)piperidin-4-yloxy, 2-methylsulfonylethoxy, 1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethyloxy, 3-pyridylmethyloxy, 2-(di((C1-C4)alkyl)amino)ethoxy or the residue Q-(CH3)3N+-CH2-CH2-O- in which Q- is a physiol. tolerable anion, where all residues R8 and R8' are independent of one another and can be identical or different. N is 0-5; m is 0-5; i is 0-1; q is 0-2; r is 0-2; s is 0-3; t is 0-8; p is 0-2, where all nos. p are independent of one another and can be identical or different. The claimed compds. also include stereoisomeric forms and mixts. thereof in all ratios, and their physiol. tolerable salts and their prodrugs; where, instead of the purine structure shown I, also a 3-deazapurine structure, a 7-deazapurine structure or a 7-deaza-8-azapurine structure can be present. I are valuable pharmacol. active compds. They are vitronectin receptor antagonists and inhibitors of cell adhesion and are suitable for the therapy and prophylaxis of illnesses which are based on the interaction between vitronectin receptors and their ligands in cell-cell or cell-matrix interaction processes or which can be prevented, alleviated or cured by influencing such interactions. For example, they can be applied for inhibiting bone resorption by osteoclasts and thus for treating and preventing osteoporosis, or for inhibiting undesired angiogenesis or proliferation of cells of the vascular smooth musculature. The invention furthermore relates to processes for the preparation of I, their use, in particular as active ingredients in pharmaceuticals, and pharmaceutical compns. comprising them. The process of preparation comprises reacting II (L1 = leaving group) with III or IV; B, G, X, Y, r, s and t are defined as above but wherein functional groups can also be present in the form of

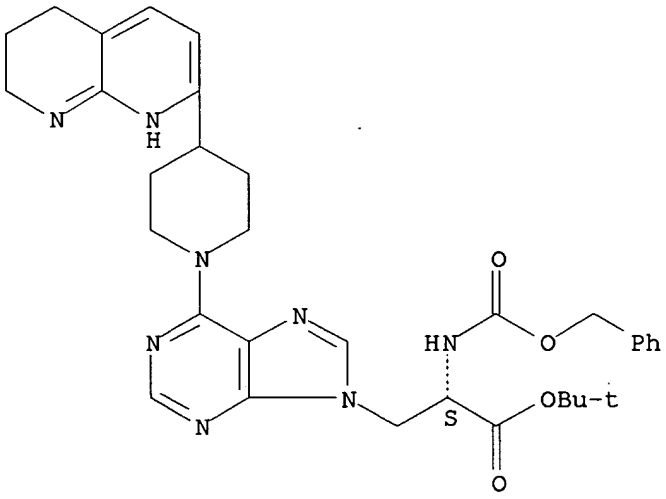
precursor groups or in protected form. For example, (2S)-2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)propionic acid tert-Bu ester could be made from 7-(piperidin-4-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridine and (S)-2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-(6-chloropurin-9-yl)propionic acid tert-Bu ester in DMF in the presence of NEtiPr2; the ester was then hydrolyzed by CF3CO2H to give the desired compound

IT **315240-30-3P**, (2S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)propionic acid tert-butyl ester **315240-32-5P**, (2S)-2-Amino-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)propionic acid tert-butyl ester **315240-34-7P**, (2S)-2-Benzenesulfonylamino-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)propionic acid tert-butyl ester
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(intermediate; naphthyridine derivs., processes for preparation, uses as vitronectin receptor antagonists and inhibitors of cell adhesion, and pharmaceutical compns. comprising them)

RN 315240-30-3 CAPLUS

CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, α-[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

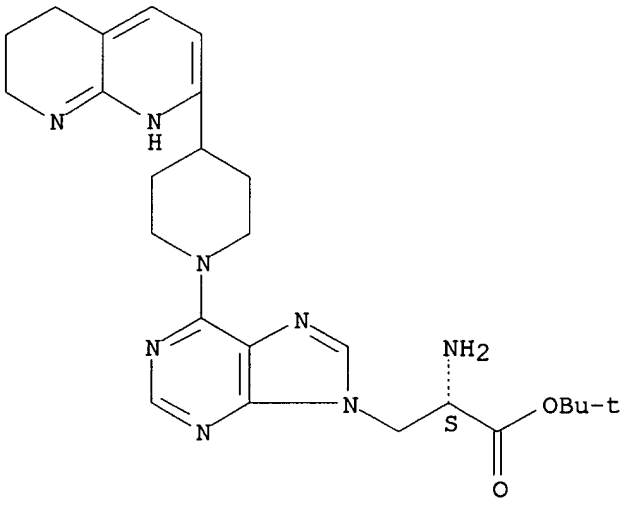
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 315240-32-5 CAPLUS

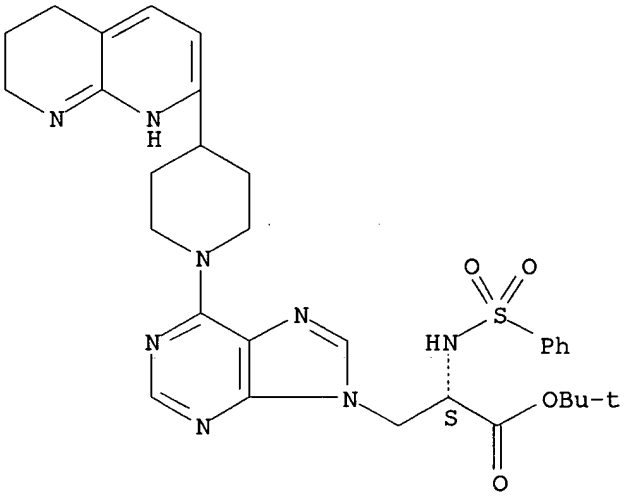
CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, α-amino-6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 315240-34-7 CAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, α-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

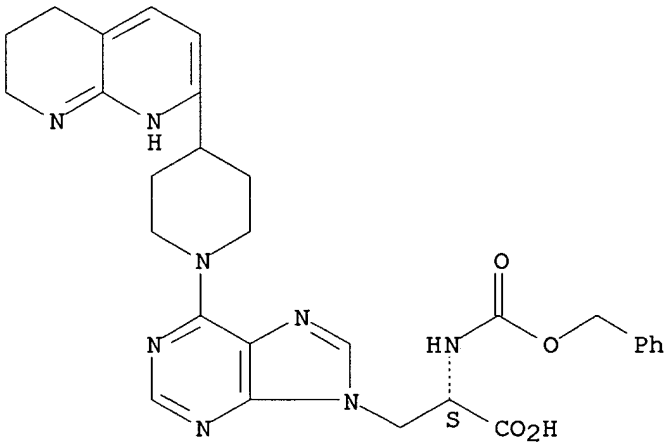


IT **315240-14-3P**, (2S)-2-Benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)propionic acid **315240-16-5P**, (2S)-2-Benzenesulfonylamino-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)propionic acid **315240-18-7P**, (2S)-2-(4-Chlorobenzenesulfonylamino)-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)propionic acid **315240-20-1P**, (2S)-2-(Naphthalene-1-sulfonylamino)-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)propionic acid **315240-22-3P**, (2S)-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-Tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)-2-(4-trifluoromethylbenzenesulfonylamino)propionic acid **315240-24-5P**, (2S)-2-(Butane-1-sulfonylamino)-3-(6-(4-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)piperidin-1-yl)purin-9-yl)propionic acid
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);

BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(naphthyridine derivs., processes for preparation, uses as vitronectin receptor antagonists and inhibitors of cell adhesion, and pharmaceutical compns. comprising them)

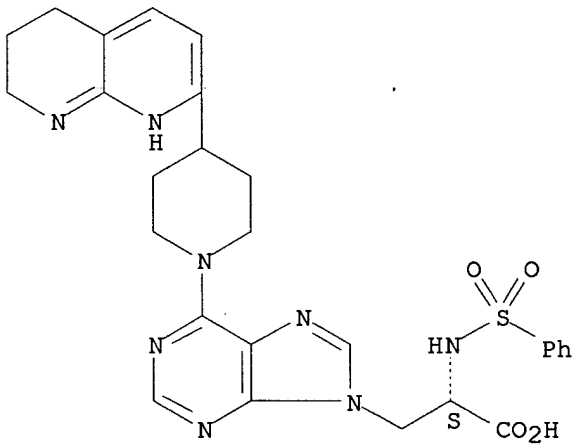
RN 315240-14-3 CAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, α-[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



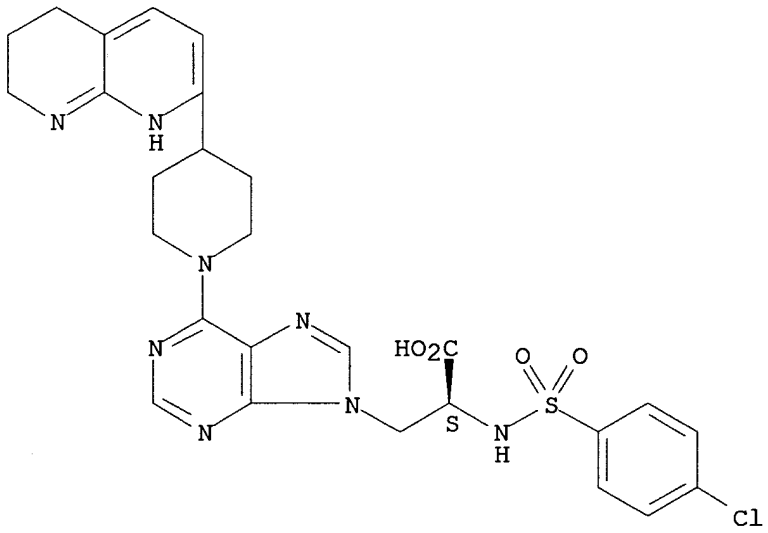
RN 315240-16-5 CAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, α-[(phenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



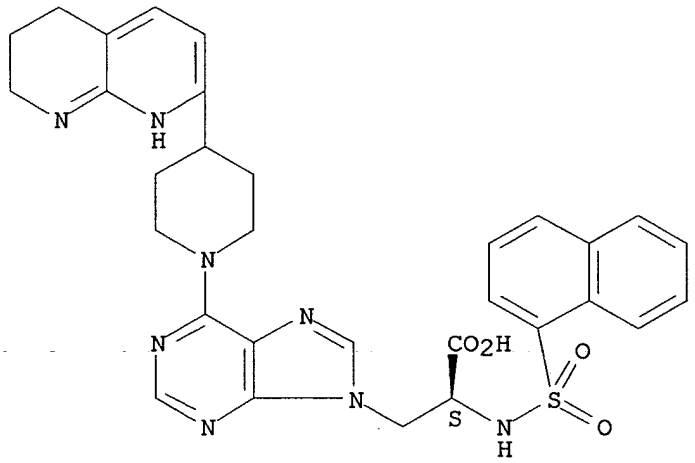
RN 315240-18-7 CAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, α-[[(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



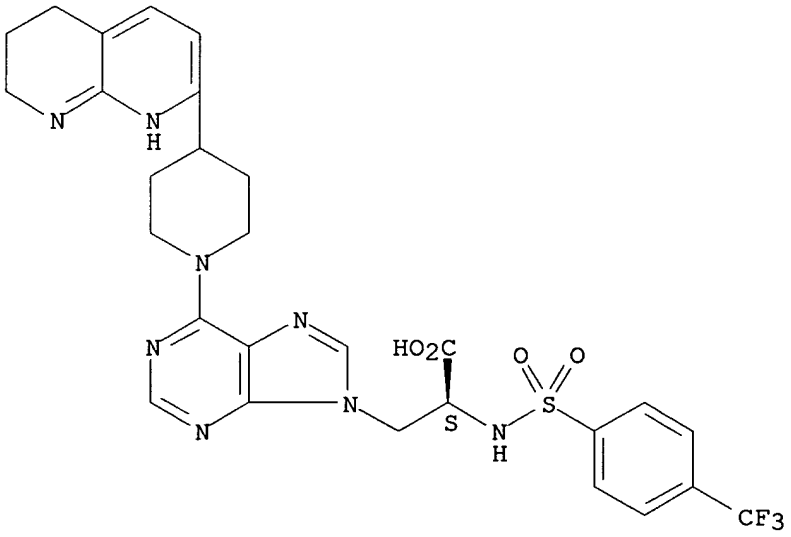
RN 315240-20-1 CAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, α-[(1-naphthalenylsulfonyl)amino]-6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



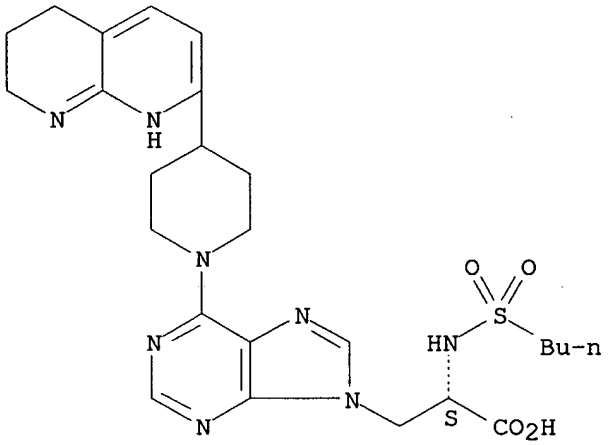
RN 315240-22-3 CAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, 6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-α-[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 315240-24-5 CAPLUS
CN 9H-Purine-9-propanoic acid, α-[(butylsulfonyl)amino]-6-[4-(1,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-1-piperidinyl]-, (αS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:48:25 ON 22 APR 2005
L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2 0 S L1 SAMPLE
L3 10 S L1 FUL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:49:17 ON 22 APR 2005

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L4 2 S L3

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